Dialectical Behavior Therapy - DBT

- Marsha Linehan, Ph.D.- University of Washington.
- www.behavioraltech.org (lots of resources, videos, etc.)
- Comprehensive treatment for Borderline Personality disorder, also validated for eating disorders, substance abuse
- Synthesis of mindfulness / acceptance skills and cognitive-behavioral change strategies
- "Synthesizing radical acceptance with skillful means"

DBT Mindfulness

- "...entering fully into the present moment at the level of direct and immediate experience"
- "...has to do with the quality of both awareness and participation that a person brings to everyday living"
- "To observe correctly is to intuit the accurate nature of reality... to open oneself to the activity of exploration and inquiry"
- "nature of reality" = Roots in Zen and Dialectics-Reality is an ever-changing interplay of parts and wholes, contrasting forces in dynamic relationship.

DBT

- A non-judgmental approach for teaching patients how to cope with a complex disorder
 - Teach new skills to replace problematic behavior
 - Dialectical balance between acceptance and change strategies

Best Outcomes of Any Treatment Approach for...

Reducing suicidal behaviors

Reducing substance abuse

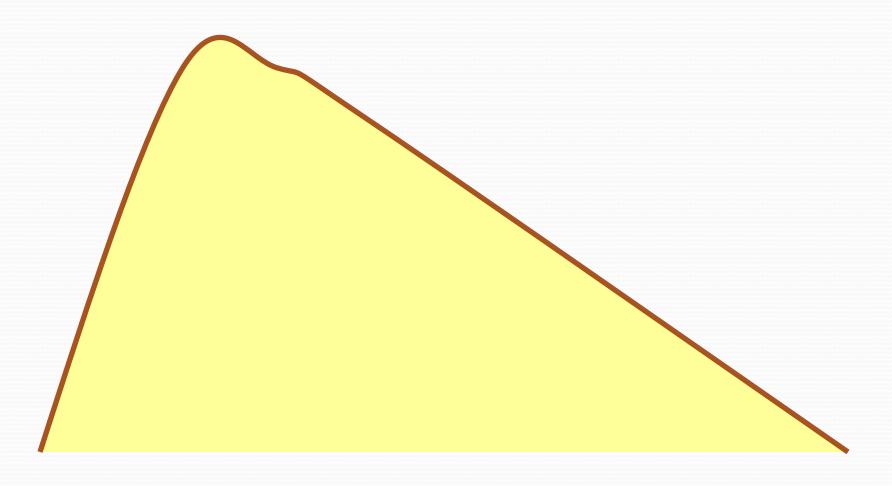
Improving social functioning

Reducing anger

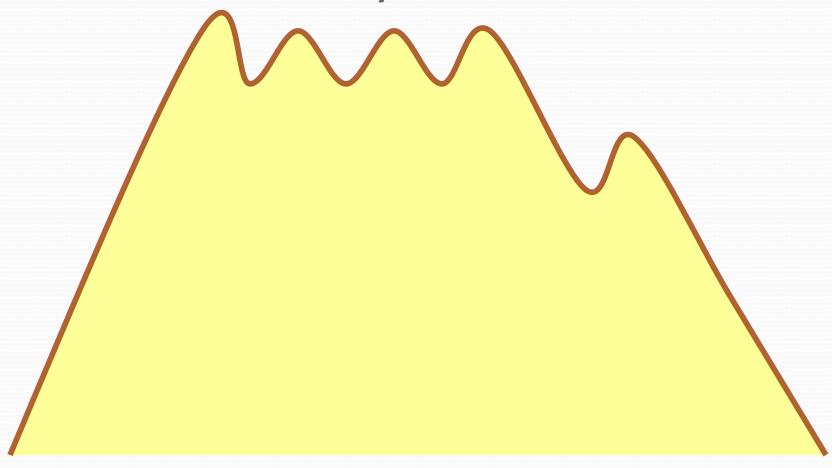
BPD as Pervasive Disorder of the Emotion Regulation System

- Emotional vulnerability
- High sensitivity
- Immediate reactions
 - Distortion as result of increased emotions
- Slow return to baseline

Fast Arousal/Slow Return to Baseline



Continued Sensitivity to Next Event



Psychological Results of an Invalidating Environment

- Punishes emotional displays and intermittently reinforces emotional escalation
- Rejects communication of private experiences
- Invalidates perceptions of reality

Such an Environment Teaches an Individual to...

- Actively self-invalidate
- Learned helplessness
- Heightened arousal/passive approach
- Oscillate between emotional inhibition and extreme emotional styles

Such an Environment Teaches an Individual to...

- Hard to maintain a consistent sense of self
- Form unrealistic goals and expectations
- End up confused as to emotions
- Emotion phobic

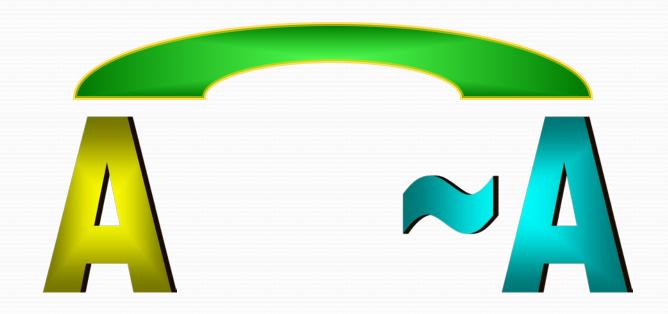
Individual has difficulty...

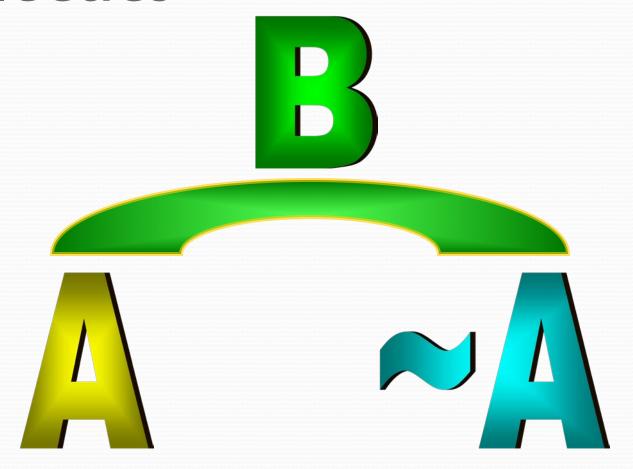
- Accurately expressing emotions
- Communicating pain effectively
- Tolerating distress
- Solving difficult problems in living
- Little expectation for adaptive emotion regulation











DBT Dialectics

Acceptance versus change

 Eastern mindfulness and western behaviorism

- Validation versus problem solving
 - "How come" and "how to"

Dialectics as Development

- Split off aspects of self get integrated at a higher level
 - Love and hate same person
 - I can be good and bad
 - I can do some things well and other things poorly

Skills Taught

- Mindfulness skills
- Distress tolerance skills
- Emotion regulation skills
- Interpersonal effectiveness skills

DBT Assumptions About Patients

- They are fundamentally "fine" the way they are AND their lives are unbearable
- They may not have caused all their problems, but they need to solve them anyway
- They are doing the best they can and they need to do better

Core Mindfulness

- Acceptance Strategy
- Reality in this moment is perfect as it is
- Ability to tolerate a complex life: accept all of one's thoughts, feelings, behaviors

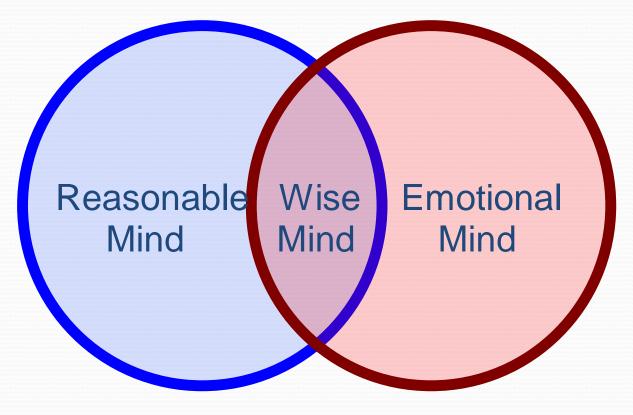
Why Mindfulness?

- Waking up from moment to moment
- First step in effective problem solving
- Curious, non-judgmental way
- Expanded sense of self
- Decrease suffering

A few key DBT skills

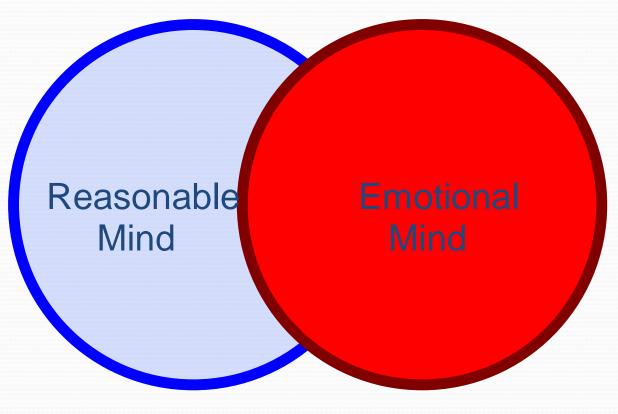
- Wise Mind (emotion mind to wise mind shift)
- Non-judgmentally (decrease suffering in the moment)
- "Please Master"- distress tolerance checklist for reducing negative emotions
- Agenda Setting

States of Mind



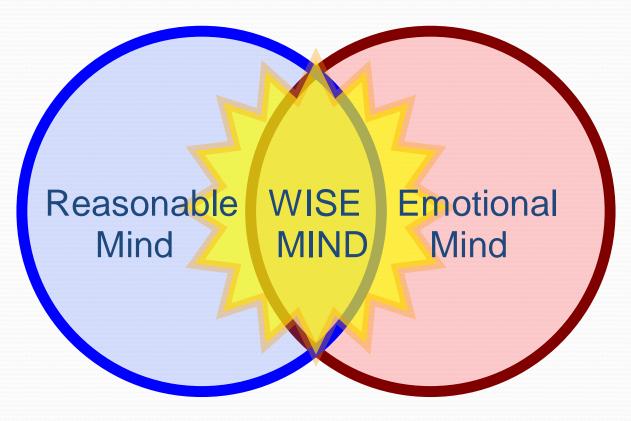
States of Mind

States of Mind



States of Mind

Wise Mind

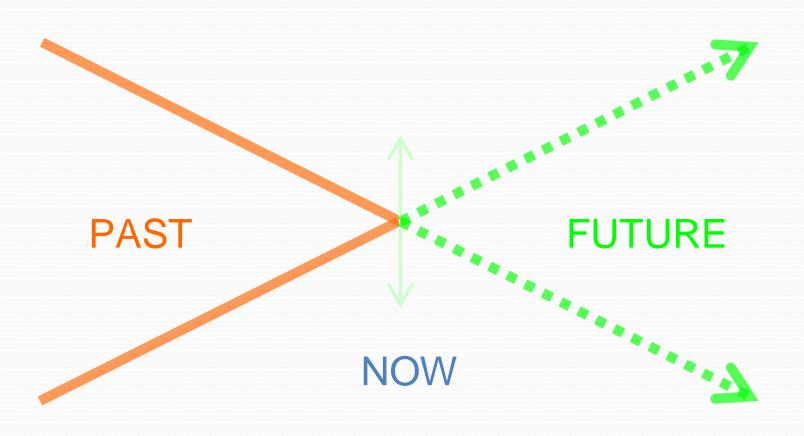


States of Mind

Wise Mind

- Going in and going down
- Long term best interest and...
- Emotional buy-in
- Validates Emotion Mind
- Your Wise Mind no one else's
- Adds larger perspective

Non-judgmentally



Non-judgmentally

- This moment has to be the way it is
- We can change the future, but not the present (or the past)
- Struggling with the NOW only increases our suffering

Non-judgmentally Pain Suffering

Acceptance
Of what is,
As it is
Because it is

Shoulda
Woulda
Coulda
Aversion
Denial
Grasping

Non-judgmentally

- Acceptance is not compliance
- It is what it is, now what am I going to do about it?
- Pain in life is inevitable, suffering is optional!

Reducing Vulnerability to Negative Emotions (Please Master)

- **Treat physicaL illness:** Take care of your body. See a doctor when necessary. Take prescribed medication.
- **Balance eating:** Don't eat too much or too little. Stay away from foods that make you feel overly emotional. Remember three meals and two snacks per day.
- **Avoid mood-altering drugs:** Stay off drugs (except for prescriptions), including alcohol. Consider reducing caffeine.
- **Balance Sleep:**Try to get the amount of sleep that helps you feel good. Keep to a sleep program if you are having difficulty sleeping.
- **Get Exercise:** Do some sort of movement routine every day. Build up to 20 minutes of vigorous exercise if possible.
- **Build Mastery:** Try to do one thing a day to make yourself feel competent and in control

Agenda Setting - invest in the beginning (4 Habits)

- Is this a problem?
- Is this a problem for you? (or someone else?)
- Is this something that you would like to work on?
- What are you willing to do to work on it?

DBT

• Do you think you could incorporate any of these concepts or skills into your everyday practice?

• Questions?